NOTE

CORRECTIONS TO "J. DOUGLAS HOOD: BIBLIOGRAPHY OF SCIENTIFIC PAPERS, CHIEFLY ON THRIPS, AND INDEX OF NEW NAMES, 1948–1960"

C. F. Jacot-Guillarmod, Albany Museum, Grahamstown, Republic of South Africa, kindly called my attention to two titles I omitted from "J. Douglas Hood: Bibliography of scientific papers, chiefly on thrips, and index of new names, 1948-1960," (Proc. Entomol. Soc. Wash. 76(3):297-309, 1974) and the resultant misnumbering of Hood's last three papers. I omitted Hood's article "Thysanoptera" that appeared in the 1947-1964 printings of the 14th edition of Encylopaedia Britannica and in the remaining printings of this edition, through 1973, in a shorter and slightly revised form. Hood did not assign a number to this article. Also I omitted Hood's paper "The terms tergum and sternum, tergite and sternite," (1958. Systematic Zool. 7(3):131-133) which, according to Jacot-Guillarmod, Hood numbered 174. Thus his paper no. 175 was "A note on Mouilothrips kempi Moulton (Thysanoptera: Thripidae)" by J. Douglas Hood and C. Jacot-Guillarmod (1959. J. Entomol. Soc. S. Africa 22(2):489–493) and his paper no. 176 was "Six new Thysanoptera from Brazil," (1960. Rev. Brasil, Entomol. [Sao Paulo] 9:57-68.) No reprints of Hood's paper no. 174 and the Britannica article are available. However, through the courtesy of Mrs. Helen Hood Smallridge and Mrs. Robin Hood Jansen the Systematic Entomology Laboratory has the remaining supplies of Hood's reprints for distribution to interested thysanopterists.

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NOTE

THE SQUASH AND GOURD BEES, PEPONAPIS AZTECA HURD AND LINSLEY AND XENOGLOSSA GABBII CRAWFORDI COCKERELL IN CHIHUAHUA, MEXICO (HYMENOPTERA: APOIDEA)

Chihuahua is the largest state in Mexico and its northern boundary is contiguous throughout with the United States, yet its apoid fauna is rather poorly known. Thus, of the 17 species of squash and gourd bees of the genera *Peponapis* Robertson and *Xenoglossa* Smith known from Mexico, Hurd and Linsley (1966. Ann. Entomol. Soc. Amer. 59:835–851; 1967, *loc. cit.* 60:988–1007) were able to list just two species each of *Peponapis* and *Xenoglossa* for Chihuahua, while for the geographically adjacent and

ecologically less diverse state of Sonora, they listed seven species of the former and three of the latter. Published statements of ranges for several other species in these two genera suggest that they should eventually be found in Chihuahua. The purpose of this paper is to record two such species for Chihuahua.

On the morning of 16 September 1976 I collected from domestic squashes and gourds (*Cucurbita* spp.) growing about a dwelling on a homestead at Milpillas, Chihuahua (ca. 27°13′N, 108°38′W, 6,000′). There I took one male and two females each of *Peponapis azteca* Hurd and Linsley and *Xenoglossa gabbii crawfordi* Cockerell from open blossoms between 0545 and 0650 Mountain Standard Time (sumrise behind clouds at 0716; first sum on blossoms at 0733). These records are of interest because they constitute the first for these two species for the state of Chihuahua, and further, because the record for *P. azteca* is the northernmost recorded for that species.

The specimens cited herein will be deposited in the collection of the Section of Faunistic Surveys and Insect Identification of the Illinois Natural History Survey at Urbana, Illinois. Thanks are due to Dr. Juan M. Mathieu, Instituto Tecnologico de Monterrey, Escuela Superior de Agricultura, Ciudad Obregon, Sonora, and Dr. Francisco Pacheco and Ing. M. Samuel Muñoz Burgos, Centro de Investigaciones Agricolas del Noroeste, Ciudad Obregon, for considerations which made possible the collection of these bees from a relatively inascessible region of Chihuahua and for their boon companionship on the trip. Thanks are also due to Dr. Wallace E. LaBerge, Illinois Natural History Survey, for verifying the determinations of the bees, and to Dr. George L. Godfrey, also of that institution, for reading a version of this paper.

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